

THE BRANDON MAIL.

VOL. VII. NO. 17.

BRANDON, MAN., THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1890.

FIVE CENTS

- BOTON - CLOTHING HOUSE

EVERY TIME

Our Ready-Made Clothing Fits
Our Clothing is Stylish.
Our Clothing will not rip.
Our Clothing is equal to, and
in many cases Superior to
Ordered Goods.
Our Clothing is as low in price
as the common stuff sold
elsewhere.
Our Ties are the Nobbiest.
Our Hats are the Latest.
Our Range of Underwear the
nicest.
Our Gloves from Gloverville.
OUR TERMS ARE CASH.

MILLER & COMPANY.

DAILY A. COLDWELL,
BARBERS, &c.,
Sole Importers for the Imperial Bank of Canada,
MONTREAL TO LOON.

JOHN DICKSON,
DENTIST,
Office: 100-102, King Street, entrance on
Rivers Avenue.
Also, for Painless Extraction,
100-102, King Street.

J. H. BROWNLEE, D.L.S.,
SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER,
Map and Work, Bridge Plans & Specifications,
Water Ave. and 11th St., Brandon.

W. H. SHILLINGLAW, Stud. C. Soc. C.E.
ARCHITECT,
Office: 100-102, King Street & Main Railway
Station, Brandon, MANITOBA.

S. W. MANNES,
D.D.S., Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College,
Successor to F. E. Doering, Dentist,
Office: 100-102, King Street and Rivers Avenue,
Brandon, Manitoba. Office always open.

DR. L. M. MORE,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons
of Ontario and Manitoba,
Office: 100-102, King Street, opposite School
House, Brandon.

LANGHAM HOTEL,
RE-OPENED.

JAMES W. NEALON, PROPRIETOR,
Under New management and a thorough re-
fitting throughout, with everything new, the
Hotel has been re-opened and is now
ready to receive guests.

SPECIAL RATE TO COMMERCIAL MEN.

Hot and Cold Water Baths.

The House is heated by Steam throughout.

RUSSES MEET ALL TRAINS.

MANITOBA

DETECTIVE POLICE AGENCY.

Crimes Investigated, Evidence Preserved, Pro-
perty Found and Criminals Punished.
Thoroughly and Logically Transacted.
J. R. FOSTER, Manager.
P.O. Box 15.

The Merchants Bank of Canada.

Paid-up Capital \$3,750,000

Reserve Fund \$1,250,000

General Banking and Exchange

Business Transacted.

Interest on deposits and loans at Four

percent per annum.

J. P. FOSTER, Manager.

Call at ALLEN M. CHANEY'S for a Full Line of
FRESH - GROCERIES -
FARM Produce taken in Exchange for Goods.
Remember the Place, BARRETT & CO'S OLD STAND on SIXTH ST.
ALLEN M. CHANEY, Successor to Barrett & Co.

MUSIO!

THE undersigned beg to advise the people of
Brandon and vicinity, that they have suitable
dresses in the city, and are prepared to
supply the public with the same at reasonable
prices. For particulars apply to the undersigned.
Residence: 100-102, King Street, opposite School
House and Lorne Avenues.

PROMINENT PUBLIC MEN

are not slow to give expression to their opinion

wherever they are concerned. D. Debe

CITY COUNCIL.

SPECIAL MEETING TUESDAY EVENING.

Present the Mayor, Aldermen Russell, Evans, Edgar, Murray, Wastie, Coldwell.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From John Winch petitioning a rebate of taxes, stating that on account of the city streets not being lighted, he had sustained injuries which prevented him from working. - Filed.

From Jas. Reid asking for license for sale stable. - Granted.

From D. M. McMillan stating that on account of the large volume of work done by him, etc., he was not getting enough salary and asking the council for a larger one. Referred to salary committee.

BOARD OF WORKS.

Recommended that the following accounts be paid:

Pay sheet and material for 18th st. bridge. \$296.49

Mann & Darling. 30.67

J. H. Brownlee. 15.80

That communication of Louis Arnett re grading on 7th st., be laid over.

Recommended that chairman be authorized to ask for tenders for sinking a well for the city on corner of Lorne ave. and 9th street by notices. Well to be 25 feet deep and curb to be 8 feet. Report to be submitted before April. Report adopted.

FINANCE AND ASSESSMENT.

Recommended that the following accounts be paid:

Bell Telephone Co. \$15.00

C.P.R. Telephone. 25

That Treasurer's bond be accepted.

That communication from Union bank be filed, and a cheque of \$150.00 be sent to the Union Bank in payment for 18th st. bridge.

R. D. Richardson. 8.25

That communication of Jas. Kidd, re license, be filed and Clerk reply that by-law will not permit the Council to grant his request.

That letter from City Solicitor, re 18th st. bridge be filed.

That his letter re Forster's suits, that the city solicitor be informed that this council, are of the opinion that he should not have gone on with the defence without instructions from the late council and that for the future no action shall be defended or brought by him on behalf of the city, as their solicitor without instructions from the Council.

That Roman Catholic school be paid \$29.27.

That monthly official pay sheet of \$581.38 be paid.

That clerk be instructed to write to Hon. J. A. Stuart for a copy of report brought in by Mr. Fisher of the committee of the Local Legislature appointed to consider the Court House and Jail question of Western Judicial District. Report adopted.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT.

That the following accounts be paid:

Torrence. 8.50

Parsons & Lindsay. 25.11

Maywood Bros. 27.25

Toronto Rubber Co. 900.00

That Communication of Scientific American be filed.

That communication of McDougall re water works, be filed for future reference.

F. C. Paterson. 10.10

Toronto Mail. 13.50

Fireman's pay sheet. 137.50

Johnson & Co. 25.26

Report Adopted.

LICENSE, HEALTH AND RELIEF COV.

Recommended that the following accounts be paid:

P. C. Duncan. 84.50

Wilson & Smyth. 7.00

That Mr. Flewelling be paid re railway ticket \$1.00.

MOTIONS.

Coldwell-Murray-That the city treasurer prepare a certificate under municipal act of lands which the city has become the owner of under the tax sale, and submit same to the city solicitor for his approval, and return such certificate to this council at its next meeting, for purposes of registration. - Carried.

Coldwell-Murray-That the city clerk ask for tenders for the purchase of \$1.50 of city debentures to be issued under by-law No. 219 interest at six per cent, providing for purchase of 18th street bridge. - Carried.

Coldwell-Wastie-That the city chairman be instructed to write to the city clerk, after obtaining a report from the Aldermen and Hutton, in Dakota, U.S., for information as to the artesian wells in such cities asking for their depth, size, cost, volume of water etc., and that he advertise in the St. Paul Pioneer Press for tenders of making an artesian well in Brandon.

Alld Evans supported the first part of the motion but asked that the last clause be laid over.

Alld Coldwell arose to explain his motion and stated that the places mentioned in his motion have a number of splendid artesian wells which were utilized for electricity, lighting, water works and other purposes with power from 300 to 1000 feet the square inch. He stated that as there was no competent men in this country to sink such a well that it would be more satisfactory to advertise in the American paper-Alld Evans said that he would support the last clause of the motion.

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Alld Wastie in a few concise remarks which showed that he knew the subject he was talking about stated that it was an urgent necessity that this council should act at once in the matter of getting a reliable supply of water. The water used by the citizens was by government analysis, filthy and was the direct cause of so much fever in the summer months. He thought a good flowing well could be obtained at a depth of about 300 feet, 500 at the utmost. They could obtain a good supply by going below the bed of the river, after obtaining a good supply of water works, sewerage and other works were very easily arranged. The city must have lots of good pure water.

Alld Evans withdrew his objections and requested that the city clerk be instructed to write the parties, as he was very busy for a few days. Alld Edgar proposed a Pioneer Press and found an advertiser of an Artesian Well Company, which the clerk was also to write to asking for full particulars. The motion was carried.

Murray-Edgar-Whereas an interview is given in the "Times Saturday" of April 6th, a report of the said paper and Mr. C. Sifton, M.P.P., our city solicitor re the court house of the Western Judicial District.

And whereas this council is of a different opinion as therein expressed, and that such statement is prejudicial to the interest of our city. Be it resolved, That Mr. Sifton be asked to attend the next regular meeting of this council and explain his reasons for stating that the present arrangement respecting this question is unfair to the outlying districts.

In submitting this motion he requested the clerk to read the article mentioned which is as follows:

"Mr. Sifton said that the committee has simply recited the circumstances of the case in their report, and recommended to government to deal with the question with a view of arriving at some more equitable arrangement than the one now in force. He thought the government would do that and that legislation would be introduced next year carrying out the recommendations of the committee. For his part he believed that the present arrangement was unfair to the outlying portions of the western judicial district. He had property in the city and it would not do to be to his personal interest to have the present arrangement continued, but he could not see that it was fair to the city of Brandon to collect annually from the whole district \$64,000, when he only called upon to pay out \$10,000 this making a clear profit of \$54,000 less what was paid for sinking fund and repairs."

Mr. Murray thought that Mr. Sifton, as city solicitor of the city of Brandon, should explain to the satisfaction of the council the above remarks. He had looked carefully into the matter and found that the city was justified in taking the course they did.

BY-LAWS.

By-laws respecting the city clerk's salary. "That he receive \$600 per annum."

2. Respecting the salary of City of Firebrigade "That he receive \$250 per annum."

3. To extend the time of the return of the assessment roll.

Went through their proper readings and were finally passed.

Council adjourned.

A VERY busy time was spent, and an excellent program was rendered at the Ladies' Society rooms on Tuesday evening. The rooms will close on April 26th.

Is our next issue, the excellent serial, "The Deserter" will be continued. This story was caused by a shipment of the dry not coming to hand.

DR. SPENCER has purchased the corner of 18th st. and Ross ave. north, and will doubtless improve it with residences in short time.

WE venture a wager Clifford Sifton went to Winnipeg on Tuesday, to be sworn in as Attorney General. From the manner in which he repudiated in the House, his expressions of independence when he first sought election, it is apparent he is after recognition at the hands of Mr. Greenway from the start. His new order for the Conservatives of North Brandon to say whether or not he should have opposition.

STROME

THE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING HOUSE

With the already Tremendous Arrivals at Strome's Mammoth Establishment, we will open out this week with another

\$3,500 WORTH IMPORTED Dress: Goods AND TRIMMINGS.

The Goods came in Bond, and direct from the Old Sea.

Something New and Nobby for the Ladies of Brandon and its Vicinity.

We are never behind for Quantity or Quality, Assortment, Styles, and Value for your Money.

We KNOW our Dry Goods Stock has never been equalled in Brandon, and are doubtful whether it has been surpassed in this Country.

Our: Clothing

Takes the Lead for Fit and Value.

Do not go any further, either East or West, North or South, than

Strome's

COR. 9TH STREET & RIVER AVENUE

If you do you will be 10 to 15 per Cent. Out.

I. R. STROME.

TREASURER TOPICS

April 3. The snow has disappeared rapidly the last few days. Farmers are busy harrowing, and if the warm weather continues, seeding will begin the first of next week. The machine business is booming. The Massey Company received a large order of seeders and plows this week. Harris & Co. also unloaded a car today.

The Tremaine baseball club reorganized last night with thirty members. The following officers were elected: G. B. Wilson, president; J. E. Spence, club captain; W. Paulin, field captain; W. Staples, sec. treas.

John Lombury's brother arrived from Ontario a few days ago with a carload of stock and effects. He is about to purchase a farm near town.

Daniel Hall, who has been spending the winter in Ontario returned today. He brought a car-load of stock with him.

Mr. McIntosh, of the Mobile bank, lost a narrow escape from drowning on April 1st.

Mr. C. M. Hamilton will supply the Presbyterian pulpit for the next three months.

H. A. Purdy, dentist, is town. He has been kept busy since his arrival.

J. M. McLaughlin is around. He has fully recovered from his recent illness.

R. S. Alexander received a car load of oats from St. Paul today.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

We have made arrangements with Dr. R. J. Kendall, C. publisher of the "Frederator" on the Hudson and the "Advertiser" of the Hudson to publish a copy of that valuable work free by sending the enclosed card, enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same, to Dr. R. J. Kendall, C. Brougham, Fair, Vt.

This book is now recognized as standard authority upon all diseases of the horse, as its phenomenal sale attests over four million copies have been sold in the past ten years, a sale never reached by any publication in the same period of time. We feel confident that our patrons will appreciate the work, and be glad to avail themselves of this opportunity of obtaining a valuable book.

It is necessary that you mention this paper in sending for the "Frederator". This offer will remain open only a short time.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary, the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, and all Throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all other complaints after having tested it, wonders to find it so successful in thousands of cases, he felt it his duty to make it known to all suffering fellows. Assisted by this remedy, and desire to relieve his human brethren, he will send a free of charge to all who desire it, by mail, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using it, sent by enclosing a stamp, naming this paper, N.Y. A. NAYLOR, 105 Prince Street, Rochester, N.Y.

ALL IN A HEAP.

Material for a new book, my book is a matter of fact, with facts, breaking out, as one would say, I was to work or even work, but after looking over a book of Brinkwood House I was able to work. The book is a matter of fact, and I am not at all sure that I have not been deceived before the book was done.

Wm. W. HAYDEN, Windsor, Ont.

The Brandon Mail.

THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1890.

THE ABOMINABLE TARIFF.

Last Sunday's Free Press had a very characteristic article under the head, "The Abominable Tariff." If this country is not settling up as rapidly as it ought to, it is simply because newspapers and patriots at home for political or other reasons misrepresent the situation to the prejudice of our people. The article sets out with statements that farming implements are taxed 35 per cent. Now, suppose they were taxed 100 per cent., of what moment is this to the farmers of this country so long as they have not got to pay it? Today the Massey Co. are selling an all steel binder in Manitoba, for \$1000 cash; the Bradford and other makes are in proportion, and we much question if the Dakota farmers across the line are getting better value for the same binder from any of their home makers, and the same may be said of most other agricultural implements. If this be the truth, and we challenge the Free Press to deny it with proof, that any informed man will accept as valid, the reference to our tariff, in the light of the Free Press representations, is calculated to work incalculable injury, and for a questionable end.

We are next told what we have to eat, drink and wear are all taxed from 25 to 80 per cent. This depends on which purpose, appetites or childish idiosyncrasy incline us. If we limit our eating to the products of the farm, the dairy, and the ordinary fruit grown in Canada, our dieting should be in most particulars cost us but little more than in many parts of the States, and where it costs us more, the farmers get the benefit by charging more for what they have to sell. If our drinking, again, is confined to water, it ought not to be more expensive than across the line; if to tea and coffee, it ought to be less, as we import both duty free, while the Americans tax them, but if we will have champagne and Cognac brandy, why not pay the penalty that the Government may be enabled to give subsidies to the Provinces? If we clothe wholly in cottons in this cold country, we will have to pay more for what we wear, but if we wear leather or fur goods, both of which are produced in the country, and are not taxed, or, if further we wear woollen goods, the new material for which the Americans import under a 40 per cent duty from Canada, we can be clothed more cheaply than are our American cousins across the lines. There is no man saying that woollen goods are from 20 to 40 per cent cheaper in Canada than they are in the States. It is alleged too, we pay 3 cents a pound on beef. This may be the misfortune of the Winnipeg exporters, but we know that at all other points in the Canadian North, beef is raised for export, instead of being imported so the duty cannot operate against us. If the duty about our American beef, so much the better for the farmers, even though Winnipeg exporters pay more for their beef. It is not of course disputed, we have in the Canadian North west to support some communities on which we have to pay duties, that we would support others for us, at cheaper figures, if there were no duties. But it is also a fact, the duties are of value to North-west farmers and others in the country. Take the prices for wheat in this country, year in and year out, and compare them with those at corresponding points across the line, and it will be seen the duties have been the means of throwing from 5 to 15 cents, a bushel into the pockets of the home men, Canada can only be kept together as a confederation, by a proper balancing up of all interests. If the people of the North-west receive some of the advantages of the N.P., which may be a disadvantage to people in other sections of the confederacy, they must bear some of the burdens as well, and the journalism that attempts to free them, is not doing justice to the country.

The proper way to get at this business, is to take the prices paid by the farmers across the lines for all the necessities of life, the prices they get for their products and balance them one and all with the expenses of living and of farming here. If this be done the Manitoba farmer will have but little to complain of, certainly much less than it is represented he has, and which representations are throwing out more immigrants with a spoon, than the Government can ever hope to bring in with a shovel.

To come at this matter aright, that justice may be done all around, we will submit a proposition: If it will send a man, we will send another to corresponding points in Dakota and Manitoba, to ascertain the real facts in this connection that they may one and all be published to the world, for the benefit, they may accomplish.

ONE LITTLE PICNIC.

I OWNED a little of pigs. This thing will grow a month old, when they are well fed, and will remain healthy all day except one which was nearly dead. I bought it for \$1.00 and sold it for \$2.00. I sold it through application. It improved at once, and soon was all right.

SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

We quote the following speech of the Ontario General Mowat, in the Ontario Legislature the other day, to give our readers an idea of what he considers the powers of a provincial government are in the matter of separate schools. The speech places Mr. Mowat on one side of the question, and Mr. Joseph Martin on the other.

Now, as to the question of the abolition of separate schools, this idea had found some favor with some hon. gentlemen opposite, though they had sometimes been very careful in their references thereto. The leader of the Opposition was apparently not very clear on the question, but thought that perhaps one day or another, he might go for the abolition of separate schools should a certain state of things arise. But Mr. Meredith's followers had no such hesitation. They were prepared already. Now, what did the abolition of separate schools mean? Not absolute abolition of separate schools, but absolute abolition of the right of the laws on the statute book were repealed to support separate schools would be abolished. They would still continue. Nobody would suggest their being interfered with. The change of the law would not involve the abolition of the separate schools, but would simply give the withdrawal of the right of a Roman Catholic to be assessed for whichever of the two schools he wished and leave him to be assessed for the public school to which he did not send his children as well as for the separate school. He would simply be taxed for both. Now, how did the case stand in reference to the abolition of separate schools? It was well understood, nobody disputed the fact, that the Provincial Legislature had no power to abolish separate schools. If the Legislature should pass such an act, it could be disallowed at Ottawa, and even if it were not disallowed at Ottawa, it would be invalid. Even the Dominion Parliament had no right under the constitution to abolish separate schools. Then was no doubt that these were the actual facts. The contrary was not to be argued. The abolition of the separate schools could only be accomplished by the Imperial Parliament, and it was perfectly certain that the Imperial Parliament would not abolish separate schools. It must appear certain to any man acquainted with politics, that there was no chance of inducing the Imperial Parliament to repeal that clause in the British North America Act that guaranteed these schools. What would take place if the Legislature of Ontario were to ask for a change of this kind? They would be before the Imperial Parliament asking for this change in the Act, and the great Province of Quebec would be found in opposition to them. And not only would Quebec be opposing them, but they would have also the protest and opposition of the whole of the Roman Catholic population of the Dominion. The Roman Catholic population of Canada amounted at the last census to nearly two millions, the Protestant population being about two millions and half. All the Roman Catholic population will protest against such a change in the law. And what could be said in favor of such a change? The Imperial Parliament would change it, if it came to the act, such a provision would exist in the act. Well, what were the facts? The constitution of the Dominion had been framed with the concurrence of both Upper and Lower Canada, both Ontario and Quebec, and of the other provinces who had become part of the Dominion of Confederation. What were the relative positions of Ontario and Quebec at this time? Quebec, though with a smaller population than Ontario and with less wealth, and without being possessed of other advantages that Ontario possessed, yet it had the same representation in the united Legislative Assembly, each Province having 16 members. The practical working of the Constitution then, was such that the separate schools of Ontario were perfectly safe. It was not possible to get rid of them. This was practically proved by the agitation of those days, in which great energy had been expended. All the institutions of Ontario, Canada, too, were perfectly safe. There were various difficulties, however, that were very well known in the state of things that preceded Confederation, and so Confederation had come about. Now, how had the Dominion Constitution come in? As a compromise all around, and an essential part of this compromise, so essential that without it the Confederation could never have taken place, was the clause by which the separate schools of Ontario and the Protestant dissenting schools of Quebec were guaranteed. But this clause was not only put in the N. A. Act, but common consent all around, but it was placed among those clauses which the Provinces would have no power to change. There were some things the provinces could change. There were other things which the Dominion Parliament could change, and the Act so decided. But this matter of the separate schools in Ontario and in Quebec was one over which there was no power on this side of the Atlantic, and the very object of this arrangement was to give security to the institutions covered by this clause. Was it not clear to every body that the Legislature would not ask for this change in the law in spite of this fact, the fact that but for the compromise effected by the clause they wished abolished they would have no Dominion Parliament and no Legislature that not only in all the British Parliament would support such a demand?

"In regard to immigration, Mr. Davin said he had a strong opinion on the matter. The Department of the Interior required a man of genius at the head of the department, not, indeed, they had a man there. They would save a million, yes, two millions a year, if they could fall back on the principle of putting in capable men (hear hear). The thing could be stood no longer. The proper way is to have a minister who would have control of his department. What they had now was a government of dummy ministers; one could not get at them. It must be stopped. Canada will no longer tolerate a government of animal magnetism in the house, without any brains in the tail.

(Laughter.) He (Davin) was not going to pour out brains for such a government. They would have to go if they did not deal with this question of immigration."

The foregoing are some strictures made by Mr. Davin on the management of affairs by the Hon. Mr. Dewdney. Is it not really a god-send that there is one man from the Canadian North West at Ottawa, who really knows something. It may be that some of Mr. Dewdney's acts are a subject for criticism, but if Mr. Davin had only half as much discretion as he has of bumptiousness, he would have taken another course. If official acts are flagrant, it is in cases they should be exposed, and not in the full House. The trouble with Davin is he must either rule or ruin, and his character and ballast are too well known to ever allow him to do either. In his own estimation the country sustained a serious loss the day he was not, instead of the Hon. Mr. Dewdney, made the Minister of the Interior. If, however, the Conservatives of Western Assiniboia are wise, they will occasion the constituency to meet with another grievous loss on next convention. Should Davin, however, on that day meet with a surprise, it will be a satisfaction to him to know there is a son in the estimates for a new asylum for the North West.

"The Winnipeg correspondent of the Chicago Tribune sent the following under date of the 2nd inst.: 'Attempts are being made to compromise the difficulty in the Local Government by having both Premier Greenway and Attorney General Martin retire. Col. McMillan, an able business man, who now occupies the position of provincial Treasurer, is named as Greenway's successor. If the efforts are successful the Cabinet will be entirely reconstructed. It has been ascertained that the chief objection that the Liberals have to Martin is that he is a strong annexationist, and has not the slightest regard for the confederation of the Dominion. They say the sooner it collapses the better his views would be suited. His colleagues maintain that the question of annexation is not yet sufficiently ripe to be taken up by the Provincial Government, and feel that so long as the people are satisfied with their present political circumstances the representatives in Parliament should be loyal to the Constitution. Such opposition to a strong-minded man like Martin is extremely like, and as he cannot leave his own party there will be no harmony in Government until he is got rid of completely. But as he was virtually leader of the Government a new head must be found, and therefore Greenway will have to resign also, so that an acceptable leader can be secured.

Truer sentences than the foregoing were never put together. Mr. Martin cares no more for Christianity, constitution or British rule, than he does for the man in the moon. But where does it leave all those who believed his attack on the school system was actuated by a desire to develop British sentiment in the Canadian North West?

At the Martin demonstration in the Portage the other day, his henchman, the notorious "Billy" Smith, said the belief of the H.B.R.R. would not enable the farmer to export his wheat at a lower figure than by lines to the south," and the Martin henchmen applauded him. If that is so, if the Hudson's Bay R.R. is to make no break on the N. P. rates, where is the wisdom in voting a single cent, much less \$750,000 for its construction. There was a day when Greenway and Martin used to declare the H.B.R.R. would give the Manitoba farmer 10 cents a bushel more he was then getting, and as the N. P. has done nothing to secure it, and as the H.B.R.R. is not going to do anything in that way either, where is the wisdom in encouraging the construction of either? Why not save the million and a half expended on the one, and the \$750,000 voted for the other. If again these statements are true, were not Martin, Greenway and the whole rag tag and bobtail of the Grit party a fandango of slysters and liars, when they used to urge charges of extortion against the C.P.R.?

Two sites are now before the city council for a City Hall and market building, one opposite the Beaubien hotel and the other just south of the school. Both are convenient and equally distant from the centre of the city. Suitability and cost are the only questions for the city's representatives to consider. As the banks are putting up large buildings where they now stand, and the post office site is decided, the nearer to them the market and public hall are located the more convenient they are to all who have to do business with them—where the public hall is located. The 10th st. site besides presents a much better frontage which would render fitting up market grounds less expensive. If then the site is not more expensive, or if it costs but little more it certainly ought for these solid reasons to be selected. There are other arguments in its favor which we will advance later on.

A FAVORABLE VERDICT.

Mr. J. S. George, Tottenham, Ont., writes: I have been troubled with catarrh for five years. Seeing Nal's Balm advertised, I procured a bottle, and although I have only used part of it, I do not hesitate to pronounce it the best remedy I have for catarrh. It is easy and pleasant to use, instant in giving relief, scores the secretions from the throat and removes all the symptoms of catarrh and cold in the head. I have tried all directions, but finally followed nothing but a sure and permanent cure that has been the result.

MR. DALY ON THE BRANDON P.O.

Mr. DALY. I would not have taken up the time of the House on this question were it not for the fact that in the estimates of this year, as well as in those of each year since 1887, there has appeared an appropriation for the Brandon Post Office. I believe the subject of that expenditure has been brought up to-night, and I desire to explain the reasons which actuated the hon. Minister of Public Works in granting the appropriation for it. When I went to that hon. gentleman in 1887, and requested him, if possible, to erect a post office and public building there, I had in my possession facts to show him as I will show this House, that from the amount of revenue which was derived by the Post Office Department and other Departments of the Government at that point, the hon. Minister was perfectly justified in appropriating the money for the erection of that building. At that time I was able to show to the Minister that the revenue of the post office at Brandon was exceeded by that of only fourteen post offices in the Province of Ontario, only three in the Province of Quebec, and only one in the Province of Prince Edward Island, only one in the Province of British Columbia, and only two in the Province of Nova Scotia. I did not ask for a building merely to accommodate the post office, but also the other departments of the Government represented there. For instance, we had a land office, the revenue of which exceeded by \$25,000 or \$30,000 in that year the revenue of any other land office in the whole of Manitoba, or the North West Territories, and we had an Inland Revenue office and a Customs office. Under the circumstances, I felt perfectly justified in going to the Minister of Public Works and asking him, in the interest of the public, to erect a proper building for the accommodation of the people who had to do with those different departments. I pointed out that in the land office and the post office particularly, letters and other valuable articles might possibly be destroyed by fire if proper accommodation was not afforded; and, strange to say, within a few months afterwards the building in which the post office and land office were located was one night destroyed by fire, and valuable documents belonging to the Department of the Interior were destroyed. Three or four books were saved, but the correspondence that had taken place with the Department for several years was destroyed, and the public was put to a considerable amount of inconvenience. If we had had a proper building such as we are about to have, the letters and also the books and papers of the Department would have been placed in a vault, and the destruction I speak of would not have occurred. As the hon. member for Queens, P.E.I., has today questioned the appropriation for the erection of this building at Brandon, it may surprise hon. gentlemen who have not looked at last year's report of the Postmaster General to learn that the revenue of Brandon post office amounted to \$11,069.75, while the revenue of the post office at Charlottetown, the capital of Prince Edward Island, only amounted to \$12,233.99, about \$1,000 more. I do not know how old the hon. gentleman is, but I know that Brandon is only nine years old, and yet today its revenue is only \$1,000 less than the revenue of the Charlottetown post office. I do not take upon much of the time of this House as the hon. gentleman from Prince Edward Island, but I claim that I was present in asking the Minister of Public Works to erect the public building at Brandon. If hon. gentlemen seek to examine the reports of the Department of Customs and the department of the Interior, they will find that the revenue derived by those departments at Brandon is almost proportionate to the revenue derived by the Post Office Department. Consequently, the Government are only doing what is right in erecting that building. Further, I find that the total revenue derived last year from the post offices in Manitoba and the North West Territories amounted to \$186,146.27, while the land revenue derived from the post offices of Prince Edward Island amounted to \$34,304. There is a slight difference, as hon. gentlemen will acknowledge. I simply brought these facts before the House to show that any exception is taken to the amount found in the estimates for the building of a post office at Brandon, these facts which I have given fully justify the Minister of Public Works in undertaking to erect that building. The hon. gentleman who has just sat down made an unfair comparison between the appropriations of the present Government and the appropriations of the former Government, with reference to public buildings. He referred to the city of Kingston, and to the appropriations made for the building of the Military College there, and the improvement of the penitentiary. These are not fair comparisons. The century has extended long before the Mackenzie Government took office, and those appropriations had to be made, and as for the Military College, they were justified in locating it there, and no matter where it was located the same expenditure would be required to be made. I will not take the time of the House except to say that, we find our little Province in the west is concerned, the only thing the Minister of Public Works has done towards erecting public buildings in that province since 1887 has been to make these appropriations for the post office at Brandon. I will ask the hon. gentleman to consider the importance of erecting an immigration building at Winnipeg. If there is anything more necessary than another for the accommodation of those people who come to our country to settle there, it is that they should have proper accommodation when they arrive. I am sorry to see the hon. gentleman has not seen fit to go on with this building. I hope sincerely that during the coming year he will proceed with its construction, and afford that accommodation to foreigners and others who come to our shores which they are entitled to.

JOSEPHINE JOTTINGS.

It is a privilege to recommend Wardlaw's Yellow Ointment. I have used it for a long time, and it has cured me of many ailments. It is a very good ointment, and it is very cheap. I have used it for a long time, and it has cured me of many ailments. It is a very good ointment, and it is very cheap. I have used it for a long time, and it has cured me of many ailments. It is a very good ointment, and it is very cheap.

J. S. LAUGHTON & CO.,

Merchant Tailors,

ROSSER AVENUE, BRANDON, MANITOBA,

HAVE ONE OF THE

LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHS

IN THE WEST,

READY FOR INSPECTION.

We desire to Please and give good

Value in Workmanship, Fit

and Material.

MALLET, the Jeweller,

ROSSER AVENUE,

NEAR 10th STREET,

BRANDON

We still continue to offer a Full Range of Reliable Goods at reasonable prices. We aim to sell a good solid Article at a fair price.

WE HAVE RECEIVED

NEW PRINTS,

NEW SHIRTINGS,

NEW COTTONADES,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW EMBROIDERIES,

NEW COTTONS.

OUR

HAT STOCK

is almost entirely new, and we snow Correct Styles in Hard and Soft Felt, Men's and Boys Styles.

FTLL RANGE OF

New Shirts, Col-lars and Ties.

Direct Importation of New Teas, from India, China and Japan, we honestly think we can give

BEST VALUE IN TEAS

A.C. FRASER & CO

BRANDON

Mr. Wilson and Geo. Cassels were in Brandon on Saturday, attending the late convention.

Mr. D. K. RYAN, accompanied by Mrs. Ryan, arrived from the east on Tuesday evening, and intend taking up their residence here. Dan is looking as well as usual, and is receiving the congratulations of his many friends in the city. He is not in through with the case yet.

The 5th Battalion will parade to St. Matthews church on Sunday morning, under the rector, Rev. E. P. Flaveling, will deliver a sermon suitable to the occasion. It is the intention of the officers to have a monthly church parade, when all the churches in the city will be attended in rotation. The row tank has been secured for a drill, and regular drills will be held weekly. The company now numbers some forty-eight members.

Probably the most elaborate preparation for Easter, were made by the ladies of the Methodist church. Flowers natural and artificial covered the altar and the pulpit, the whole making a most artistic display. There was also a very large and handsome girl's choir. "Christ is risen today." The sermon in the morning was delivered to the children by the pastor. The children conducted the song service and showed some careful training. Solos were rendered by Jessie and Lena Lee. The church was crowded at both services, and collections, amounting over \$50, were taken in aid of the school. On Monday evening a tea meeting was given to the children. Tea was served in the Bible class room from half past five to eight o'clock, each teacher looking after their respective classes. The programme consisted of some of the choruses by the children, read by the Misses Murray, solos by Lena and Jessie Lee; dialogue, Richard Woodworth and Johnny Ansell; dialogue, Joe Wilson, Percy Anderson and Joe Woodworth; song by Misses Lillian and Miss Warner; dialogue, Mrs. Collins, Sprague Douglas and Wilson. The church was full to overflowing and all enjoyed the children's programme immensely. A collection of \$3 was taken in for the school.

WOLSELEY.

The snow is nearly all gone, and farmers intend commencing seeding on the 15th or 16th at the latest. A very large acreage will be devoted to grain this year, and a bountiful harvest is expected.

The entertainment on Friday evening was a complete success, both socially and financially, and all those who part in it deserve great praise for their efforts.

The Orangemen held their regular meeting in their hall here on 1st of April, and next morning some of the boys took off as though they had travelled the rocky road.

The Supreme Court held a session here last week, and one Simpson was convicted of stealing hay, and sentenced to one year at Regina.

The Court then adjourned to meet on the 15th of April.

The backboard farmer has erected a house on his homestead and moved into it. We hope he will be successful in his new line of business.

Two of our young men have formed a skating club, one of them has a fast girl, and he lets the other one take her to church when he pays a fee of 25 cents. We will not give the boys away, as they seem to be quite happy.

Sorry we made a mistake last week, but we don't set up all night, and that he is always in bed sometime before morning. As he always tells the truth, we believe what he says.

CASER.

METHODIST TRANSFERS.

Toronto, April 3.—At the meeting of the transfer committee of the Methodist church in Canada, held to-day, the following transfers were made into the Manitoba and Northwest conference to take effect June 1st.

Rev. James Down, from the Montreal conference.

Rev. P. H. Robinson, from the Nova Scotia conference.

Rev. E. B. Stacey, from the London conference.

Rev. C. E. Stafford, from the Guelph conference.

Rev. James Allen and T. W. Pickett, from the Bay of Quinte conference.

Rev. Ernest G. Baker, B.A., from the New Brunswick conference.

Out of the Manitoba conference.

Rev. Win. Elliot, into the Japan Conference.

Rev. W. L. Rutledge and Rev. J. P. Wilson into the Bay of Quinte Conference.

Rev. Wm. Pickett, into the Guelph Conference.

Rev. Mr. Allen succeeds Rev. Mr. Rutledge in Grace church, Winnipeg.

Rev. E. Stafford goes to the M. D. Hall church, Winnipeg, and Rev. T. W. Pickett accepts a call from Brandon Methodists.

MARKETS.

The markets are not very active this week.

Considerable fresh butter and eggs are being brought in.

There is a good demand for seed wheat and oats which are selling at good prices.

No wheat and very few oats are being brought in by the farmers. Flour has advanced in price 10c per sack.

The selling prices are as follows.

Wheat, seed	80 to 90
Oats, seed	47 to 50
Clare, seed	84 to 84 1/2
Peas	80
Hogs dressed	\$5.00 to \$6.00
Butter in rolls	16 to 16 1/2
Butter in tubs	13 to 14
Eggs fresh per dozen	20 to 25
Flour	\$2.00 to 2.25
Apples per barrel	\$5.00
Hay per ton	\$14.00 to 16.00
Barley per ton	\$15.00
Corn per ton	\$7.75 to \$11.00
Shorts per ton	\$10.00
Wood per cord	\$4.00 to \$4.50
Timber, dressed	\$2.00 to \$2.25
Chickens dressed	10
Hungarian seed	\$2.25 to \$2.50
Millet	\$2.25 to \$2.50
Timothy	1.25

IMMIGRATION.

What local agents say in the reports about last year's immigration. Mr. T. P. Bennett, the local agent, reports a falling off in the arrivals from Great Britain, and that the German influx alone out-numbered the total arrivals from the former country. He reports a large influx of other immigrants from Europe. Mr. Bennett speaks highly of the Islanders who arrived during the year. This class, although not possessed of large means, readily adapt themselves to the customs of the country, and speedily become valuable settlers. The large number of settlers from the older provinces of Canada who came into Manitoba last year he attributes to the result of visits by the older settlers to their old homes by means of the cheap excursions afforded by the railway companies. They brought in with them a large amount of live stock and effects. There was no difficulty in finding employment during the past year for all the settlers willing to work on the railways, in the woods in winter, succeeding agricultural operations. Mr. Bennett appends to his report a number of letters from various settlers in his district taken indiscriminately from the bulk of his correspondence, as valuable testimonials to the prosperity attending the early settlers. In his report, also, are embodied Mr. Olsen's report on Scandinavian immigration, and that of Mr. Tetu, on French immigration.

Mr. A. J. Baker, the agent at Brandon, reports a much larger immigration in his district than for previous years. There was no difficulty in obtaining employment at good wages for all desirous of work, and a large number either took up homesteads or purchased land in his district. He reports great improvements in the course of progress in Brandon, and a large growth in business, due to the concentration of various industries in that point. He also reports a considerable increase in the area of land prepared for next season's crop.

Mr. B. L. Baldwin gives a very succinct report on Icelandic immigration into Manitoba during the past year, showing the distribution of the settlers and the prosperity visible in the Icelandic settlement. These people he reports as thoroughly reliable, economical, hard working, and considered an important element in the population of the province.

A very interesting report on the Mennonite colonies of Manitoba is given by Mr. C. C. Jacobs, of the Dominion Intelligence office, and from the description given by him these settlers appear to be among the most successful and prosperous of all arrivals from the continent of Europe who have settled in the Dominion.

He states that the children of the Mennonites who arrived in 1874 and 1875 are now grown up, and there is not land enough for their fast increasing families in the original Mennonite reserve. There is a desire among them to spread out, and he suggests Southern Assiniboia and Southern Alberta as affording suitable localities for further Mennonite settlement.

INDIAN HEAD.

O. J. Osment is busy fitting up the Brassey House for the new settlers, who are expected here about the first of May. It is thought by some that Professor Fair, who intends starting an Agricultural College here.

There is quite an influx of new settlers at this point. The Bell Farm has brought some and located them in the company's cottages. The Mennonites brought some thoroughbred horses for their farm also.

Mr. Angus Mackay and his assistant, Mr. Maclean, are busy distributing seed grain; they have had a hard job to satisfy all the settlers, not having sufficient grain at their disposal, but they are earning the praise of the people by their industry.

There is a report that Mr. Dan Maclean, a popular machine man, leaves as he takes a position with a lumbering firm near the Lake of the Woods as book keeper.

Indian Head feels an impulse to boom this summer, the excellent farming lands in the vicinity will cannot fail to make this an important town in the future.

The Commercial Hotel is full to overflowing most of the time.

The indefatigable agents of Washbrook & Co., Messrs. McDonald and Bunnell, are pushing their trade among the farmers.

The Temperance society organized here some time ago is doing its work carefully and well, and any of the boys who wish to change their ways are cordially invited to become members.

VERTAS.

TENDERS.

SEAL-TENDERS addressed to the under-signed and endorsed Tender for Government Supplies, will be received at the office of the Minister of Public Works, until 10 o'clock on MONDAY, 24th April, 1890, for the delivery of Indian supplies, during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1891, consisting of Flour, Rice, Bacon, Groceries, Ammunition, Tents, Agricultural Implements, Tools, &c., to be paid at various points in Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

Form of tender containing full particulars relative to the Supplies required, dates of delivery, &c., may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Indian Commissioner at Regina, or to the Indian Office, Winnipeg.

Parties may tender for each description of goods on for any portion of each description of goods separately, or for all the goods offered, for in the Schedule, and the Department reserves to itself the right to reject the whole or any part of a tender.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque in full of the sum of money tendered, or by a Canadian Bank note at least five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract based on such tender when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted, the cheque will be returned.

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FARM FOR SALE.

W. H. HOLMES, 278 1/2 St. James, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.

HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

All even-numbered sections of Dominion Lands in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, excepting 8 and 24, provide wood land homesteaded, reserved, or otherwise, for settlers, or for other purposes, may be homesteaded by any person who is the sole head of a family, of any male over eighteen years of age, to the extent of one quarter section of 160 acres, more or less.

ENTRY.

Entry may be made physically at the local and office in which the land to be taken is situated, or if the homesteader desires he may, on application to the Minister of Interior, Ottawa, or the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg, receive authority for some one to make the entry for him. A fee of 20c is charged for a homestead entry, but for lands that have been occupied an additional fee of 50c is chargeable to meet inspection and cancellation expenses.

HOMESTEAD DUTIES.

Under the present law homestead entry may be performed in three ways, and on making application for entry the settler must declare under which of the following conditions he elects to hold his land:

1. Three years' cultivation and residence, during which period the settler must not be absent more than six months in any one year without notifying the entry.
2. Residence for three years on a homestead within two miles of the homestead quarter section, and afterwards a final residence in a habitable house upon the homestead for three months next prior to application for patent. Under this system the settler must be looking the first year after entry; in the second, and in the third year, he must be in crop the second year and the third year.
3. The year system under which a settler must reside anywhere for the first two years, but must perfect his entry by commencing cultivation of his land after the first year, and thereafter breaking six acres the first year, cropping those six acres and breaking fifteen additional acres the second year, and also building a habitable house the second year. The settler must commence actual residence on the homestead at the expiration of two years from date of entry, and thereafter reside upon and cultivate his homestead for at least six months in each of the three next succeeding years.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT.

may be made before the local agent, any homestead inspector, or the intelligence office at Medicine Hat, or at Qu'Appelle station. Before making application for patent the settler must give 6 months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands of his intention to do so.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICES.

are situated at Qu'Appelle Station and Medicine Hat. Newly arrived immigrants will receive at any of these offices information as to the lands that are open for entry, and from the officers in charge, free of expense, advice and assistance in securing a title to the land.

A SECOND HOMESTEAD.

may be taken by anyone who has received a homestead notice or certificate of recommendation countersigned by the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, upon application to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg, Manitoba; or to any of the Dominion Lands Agents in Manitoba or the North-West Territories.

INFORMATION.

Full information respecting the land, timber, and agricultural resources of these Territories, as well as those respecting Dominion Lands in the Railway Belt in British Columbia, may be obtained upon application to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa; the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg, Manitoba; or to any of the Dominion Lands Agents in Manitoba or the North-West Territories.

A. M. BURGESS,
Dep. Min. of the Interior.

TO BREEDERS OF CLYDESDALES.
We have for sale our noted Clydesdale Stallion "BOUNDING WILLOW 5580."

In Brandon, District this season. He is winner of numerous prizes in Scotland and Ontario, and is one of the best pure bred Clydesdales, also second to his stable companion at Brandon last summer. Farmers who intend to purchase, will find it to their advantage to inspect him, and we can arrange route for inspection, on or about 20th April, at T. E. Kelly's stable, 9th St., Brandon.

F. A. WILCOCKS, Proprietor.

Brandon, Manitoba.

TO RENT.

NEW BRICK HOUSE,

6 ROOMS,

on 8th street opposite Presbyterian Church.

Also a Seven Roomed Brick House.

Apply to L. McNETT, on the premises daily, or P.O. Box 67.

RENTS \$16.50 and \$18.50.

Houses finished in best style. Warm and every convenience. Hard and Soft Water.

J. D. Mcgregor & Co.

Importers of

ENGLISH SHIRE HORSES

Our Second Shipment consists of Shires, Cleveland Bay and Thoroughbred Horses, left Liverpool by S.S. Lake Superior, on February 6th, and will arrive here about March 5th, and will be offered for Sale on reasonable terms.

These Horses have been especially selected for the requirements of this country. Every horse guaranteed a good getter. Write for terms and particulars.

J. D. Mcgregor & Co.,

BRANDON, MAN.

WANTED.

WANTED an office boy, good looking for an important law. Apply to A. T. LAKE, 10th Avenue.

WANTED.

A SMALL HOT ST. with 400 CHANS, Apply to H. S. 501 THOMAS, Box 126.

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Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque in full of the sum of money tendered, or by a Canadian Bank note at least five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract based on such tender when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted, the cheque will be returned.

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OPENING OF SPRING & SUMMER CAMPAIGN, PAISLEY & MORTON'S MODIARMID'S BLOCK, BRANDON, MAN.

With Piles of NEW GOODS, at Prices so Low that Customers forget the hard times, a little money buys lots of Goods at our Store.

NEW DRESS GOODS, in Latest Styles, and New Trimmings to match.

SATEENS, CHAMBRAYS, GINGHAMS, FLANNELETTES, SEER-SUCKERS and PRINTS, in great variety.

WHITE COTTONS, LAWNS, MUSLINS, EMBROIDERS, and NEW POINT LACES.

Art and other Muslins for Window Drapes.

IN READY-MADE CLOTHING

we are offering MEN'S SUITS as Low as \$5.50, Great Value. BOYS' SUITS from \$2.00 and upwards. Men's Spring OVERCOATS, fine assortment.

NEW TIES, NEW SHIRTS, NEW COLLARS.

A Grand Display in HATS in Latest Styles and Color for Ladies, Gents and Boys. Soft Crushed HATS, Stiff HATS, The English Unbreakable HATS, at all prices. With complete Stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Samples and price lists mailed on application.

Customers in the City, who may not find it convenient to do their shopping in person will when desired, be glad to appear at their homes with a complete set of Samples.

As this is the Close of our first Season in the New Store, we take this opportunity of thanking our friends for their kind and liberal Patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same, and promise that every effort on our part, shall be made to please.

Paisley & Morton

F. A. WILCOCKS, Auctioneer, Valuator, etc.

For BRANDON & COUNTRY.

Lands and Farm Stock Bought and Sold on Commission.

Special attention given to all kinds of Landlord and Bailiff's Work and Collection of Rents.

Orders may be left at the Beaulieu House.

PILLING'S MONTHLY SALE

will be continued by me, on Third Wednesday in each Month.

A Sale will also be held on the First Wednesday in each Month, when any Goods will be offered by Public Auction, but Fat Stock a Specialty.

TO RENT.

NEW BRICK HOUSE,

6 ROOMS,

on 8th street opposite Presbyterian Church.

Also a Seven Roomed Brick House.

Apply to L. McNETT, on the premises daily, or P.O. Box 67.

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FARM FOR SALE.

W. H. HOLMES, 278 1/2 St. James, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.

REMOVED

Our Entire Shoe Stock to the Stand lately occupied by F. NATION & Co., Cor. Rosser and Eighth Street.

STOCK THE LARGEST
Prices the Lowest.

BOUND TO PLEASE

W. E. FLUMERFELT, THE PALACE SHOE STORE.

Custom Work and Repairs done on the Premises.

WHEN you want anything from a DRUG STORE be sure you go to MAGEE'S, where you will find the PUREST DRUGS and CHEMICALS, and the Best Assortment of PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, INSTRUMENTS, FINE BRUSHES, TURKISH TOWELS, BATH GLOVES, SPONGES, FINE ENGLISH CONFECTIONERY, ETC.

No old stock—all Clean, Fresh and Pure.

FARMERS and HORSEMEN will always find our Preparations are reliable, and will fulfil all we claim for them.

MAIL ORDERS promptly attended to, and prices cheerfully given.

Articles delivered to any part of the City.

J. A. MAGEE, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, ROSSER AVE., BRANDON.

Local News.

Mr. Lettich is fast improving and will be able to resume work in a few days.

There were twenty cars of cotton went west on Wednesday to the coast.

The streets in the city are fast drying up and driving will soon be good.

The services in St. Matthews have been well attended this week.

The purchase has been made of a tract of land west of 18th street in the valley which will be used as a market garden.

It is rumored that the C.P.R. will resume construction on the Southwestern branch in a few days.

Mr. Waugh, of the Northwest Farmer, spent yesterday in Brandon and went out to Ekhorn last night.

Mr. F. W. Wilson has his family now with him and is comfortably settled on Rossier east of sixth street.

Mr. Graham, M.P.P., was in the city on Wednesday and went out to his home after spending a faithful term at the legislature.

A road has been opened through the experimental farm for the convenience of those coming in from the northwest, the public road not being good.

Mr. Leach has taken charge of the baggage car between Brandon and Swift Current in place of Frank Walker, who goes to his farm at Grenfell.

Mr. Sylvester, of the implement firm of Sylvester & Co., Lindsay, Ontario, is in the city and is arranging to secure a few shares of the trade for his firm.

The society of Christian Endeavor held a social in the lecture room of the church on Friday evening, when a very pleasant time was spent.

Wednesday, April 2nd, was the first real spring day of the season and the snow went very rapidly. It will only require a few such days and farmers can go forward with seeding operations.

The C.P.R. reading room is now well patronized, and while the train is late the time is profitably spent looking over the newspapers and journals to be found on the tables.

Somersville, McKelvie & Co. intend keeping their millinery show room open till ten o'clock every night on the evenings of their great millinery display, April 19, 21 and 22.

If you intend getting married keep it quiet. We are informed that Mr. T. & B. went west to Broadway and was hit by a cyclone or something which left a bad back ache to his ear.

It is as safe to consult your neighbor before draining your premises through his property. If you are not satisfied what his recommendation is as to what he has had for breakfast it is wise to keep out of his courtyard.

A meeting was held in the studio of Mr. Lewis this week to consider the holding of the Sunday School convention which meets this year in Brandon. It was decided to hold it about the 29th June.

Those contemplating building would do well to examine Smith Bros. steel buildings and selling which they are now selling at Winnipeg, wholesale prices. They have purchased in carload lots and will give their customers the benefit.

Dick, Brandon, Winnipeg's mammoth bill poster, says he would go into the grocery cabinet as Attorney General, but he would not be seen with the rascally crowd. Doubtless in the cabinet there is not a chair fit to hold him.

A most successful anniversary entertainment was given at Rosevale Union Church on Wednesday evening, when those who took part were treated to an excellent programme. Refreshments were also furnished by the ladies and a most enjoyable evening spent. Several gentlemen from Brandon drove out and took part in the programme.

It is in the air that something is in the wind. Hon. Jas. A. Smart, having been seen coming out of a western law office late on Tuesday night. Politicians of Manitoba always get the credit of cooking things, and are generally supposed to be either hatching some plot, or else laying the eggs for it.

Misses Ooster, Hammond and Nanton, of the North of Scotland Mortgage Co., propose to assist Mortgagees indebted to them, and who have not the means to seed their farms, with seed grain. They will furnish these of their patrons who are unable to buy seed with the requisite gain at cost, taking a mortgage on the crop or other security till paid for, at eight per cent. interest.

The W.C.T.U. will hold a public meeting in the Presbyterian Church on Thursday evening, April 10th. Chair taken at 8 o'clock. There will be a report of the International Convention held at Chicago, by Mrs. Chisholm of Winnipeg, president of the Provincial Union, an address by Rev. H. C. Mason and good music. Collection in aid of Provincial Union.

The Imperial Bank have decided to go forward with a three-story building on the corner of Rossier and Tenth. This means that the Merchants will also build in order to keep abreast with the other institutions. This is a good proof that our moneyed institutions have faith in our country. It will pull together, Brandon will have the best opportunity of her life to make a mark in the world both for herself and the province.

Mr. S. A. Beddoke, was seen regarding the operations on the Experimental Farm for this season. He says that the soil is in much better condition than last year, the summer following having been done and new land prepared. No seeds have yet been put in, but the ground is ready, careful tests will be made regarding the merits of the various seeds, such as broad cast, drills, etc.

Mr. E. W. Montgomery has been the guest of Mr. Jas. A. Johnstone for a few days. He returned to Winnipeg on Tuesday.

Mr. W. H. SHILLINGHAM, went to Winnipeg on Friday and will visit the registry offices of that city also those at Portage la Prairie.

Misses McElvrie and Lane, have arranged to have a new office built for them on ninth street. They report the transfer business as much improved of late.

The Chief had J. Mosgrove before the Bench the other day, and very properly, for exhibiting a stallion on the streets on Sunday.

DETECTIVE FOSTER, brought And Cunningham down from Fleming the other day on a charge of wheat stealing. The Bench will hear his case on Friday.

The Brandon turf club have decided not to be left this time. They have announced races for the 24th of May and also for the July circuit.

The architects are busy working on the plans for the new city hall and market building in competition for the prizes offered by the City Council.

The large stock of goods lately received by Smith Bros., is fast disappearing, and they have fresh goods ordered to take their places. Call and examine their stock.

Goods are going very rapidly at the MAIL BOOK STORE just now. On Tuesday Dr. Fleming made a large purchase because of a stallion being sent through the window by blasting his wheel.

Mr. James A. Johnstone, on Monday last sold three lots on the south east corner of Princess ave. and 12th st., with the buildings thereon, to Mr. Flimmer for \$2,000. They were a bargain.

The man Parrott, who was injured while blasting stones for Dr. Fleming's Block, a short time ago, went down to the Winnipeg General Hospital, on Tuesday. It is expected that he will recover his eyesight.

J. N. Kirchhoffler has purchased the Clement Smith residence for the sum of \$2,000, which is about one-half what it cost to construct it. He will occupy it after the present tenant's lease expires in September.

SOME days ago Mr. John A. Brown, bought the property on 9th st., where F. B. McKenzie's feed store is, of 50 feet frontage at about \$80 a foot. He will probably erect a brick store thereon this summer.

Denny & Reynolds are arranging to form a herd in which they will take milk cows at \$1.25 per month, returned to the stable regularly every evening. Purses \$1.00 per month and young cattle at 50 cents per month.

D. J. McCLELLAND, of Glenora, Ont., has a number of general purpose horses for sale at Trotter's stables. Among the number is the celebrated general purpose stallion Prince Royal. The horses are a fine lot and offer good inducements to buyers.

The G. N. W. Central R. Co., are now putting things together to commence the work of construction at once. In all probability work will be resumed next week and it is understood 50 miles more will be graded the coming summer, and 100 miles put in operation.

HON. J. A. SMART, has been prospecting for a site for the new registry office. The building will be about forty feet square and two stories high and will be built of best brick and stone. It will probably be located on the corner of Princess and Eighth, north of the Beaudette House.

T. D. McFARLANE, wife and family, of Stratford, Ont., arrived in the city on Sunday evening. Mr. McFarlane purchased a farm a few miles north of the city, which he is putting in crop this season. He is general agent for the Temperance and General Assurance company, of Toronto, and will make Brandon his headquarters.

How doctors differ! The Manitoba Colonist says Manitoba farmers will pay \$20,000 this year for seed grain, if the crop is good; and R. Watson, "Manitoba's only representative," said in the House the other night, the duties on binding twine in Manitoba alone this year would amount to over \$400,000. The stories of the brethren don't agree very well.

A MAN named Oliver, a new comer from Ontario, undertook to drive himself, his wife and two children out to Plum Creek, behind a horse and they met with a serious accident. The horse ran away, throwing all in the rig onto the hard road. Mrs. O. had a shattering body hurt and the children had their faces badly disfigured. Dr. Spencer was called to attend them.

Miss Fox, a young lady, a graduate of one of the best Collegiate Institutes of Ontario, also of the Normal School, Toronto, and who has spent two years in an affiliated College of Toronto University, and has withal an experience, covering a number of years in practical work in a model school in the east, is now in the city with the idea of opening a private school. She brings with her the best of training in a four educational institutions of high standing in Ontario, as a practical teacher in all ordinary school work, and several special subjects. Persons who are desirous of sending pupils to such a school, as she purposes establishing, will please call at the residence of Mrs. G. D. Smith, Princess Avenue, near the Episcopal Church where all particulars can be obtained.

As we go to press this (Wednesday) evening an interesting event is taking place in the Methodist church, being the marriage of Kate, eldest daughter of Mr. & Mrs. Thos. Lee to Archibald C. Douglas, both well known citizens of Brandon. Miss Lee in fact has grown from childhood in the place and is a general favorite in all circles. The bride will be supported by her three sisters, Misses Jessie, Lena and Cossy Lee, and Miss McGregor, of Winnipeg. Peter Mitchell will see the groom through the ordeal. A reception will be held at the residence of Mr. Lee after the ceremony, to which a large number are invited. The presents have been pouring in for the past few days, from all points as well as in the city. A full report in our next issue.

THE GOLDEN LION.

The only ONE PRICE CASH HOUSE in the City, Saving the CASH purchasers at least 15 per cent.

100 Pieces of

New Spring Dress Goods

JUST OPENED

The Choicest Patterns, the Newest Designs, all the best Shades. In Checks, Plaids, Striped and Plain, the most complete range we have ever had the pleasure of showing, and considering they are to be sold for CASH, our prices will be found 15 per cent. less than they can be sold by any firm doing a credit business.

Special Value in Silks, ashmeres, Henriettas and Costume Cloths.

250 pieces of Prints and Ginghams, placed in Stock this week one Special Line of Ginghams, bought at Job prices selling at 5 cents.

Our Staple Department

is replete with bargains for CASH. COTTONS, TABLE LINENS, SHEETINGS, CIRCULAR PILLOW COTTONS, SEERSUCKERS, FLANNELETTES, TICKING, ETC.

WE RECEIVE THIS WEEK SEVEN CASES OF

NEW SPRING HATS, HARD AND SOFT, showing only the New and Fresh stock in the City having carried over no stock from last season.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

This is a New Department for us, and our first purchase being an import order we can show you designs in carpets not seen elsewhere. We have placed into Stock this week 75 pieces, also English Linoleum, Oil Cloth Window Shades, Rollers, etc., marked close for CASH.

THEY ARE HERE!

And they are just Lovely.

OUR NEW SPRING MILLINERY GOODS.

The Newest and Nobbiest effects from Parisian and American markets, everything that is new and stylish. Immense stock to select from. Lowest Prices, strictly correct Ideas. We are busy arranging our COMMODIOUS SHOW ROOM on the second flat for our Grand opening on THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, 10TH, 11TH AND 12TH, inst., our store will be kept open until 10 o'clock of each evening, and we desire every lady in Brandon to visit us, it does not make any difference whether you buy or not, what we want is to show you the finest stock of Millinery and Dry Goods to be found west of Toronto.

Dress - And - Mantle - Department,

Under the able Management of MISS WAIT, lately returned from Toronto, with the Latest styles for spring, is fairly booming. Ladies place your orders, and avoid the usual spring rush in this Department. Wanted for this Department 2 Apprentices, and one Errand Girl.

OUR AIM: To keep the best. OUR AMBITION: To please our Patrons. OUR PRINCIPLE: Fair Dealing.

One Price, and CASH Only.

SOMERVILLE,

McKELVIE & Co.

THE GOLDEN LION DRY GOODS CASH HOUSE.

LADIES!
LADIES!

When you are out buying your COTTONS, SHEETINGS, TABLE LINENS, EMBROIDERIES, FLANNELETTES, SEERSUCKERS, ETC., go direct to

F. NATION & CO.'S.

When buying your DRESS GOODS, SILKS, ULSTER AND MANTLE CLOTHS, PRINTS, SATEENS, ETC., go direct to

F. NATION & CO.'S.

When buying your White Wear, SILK or MERINO UNDERWEAR, CLOVES, HOSIERY, CORSETS, COLLARS, HANDKERCHIEFS, ETC., go direct to

F. NATION & CO.'S.

When buying your Fancy Goods, such as SILKS, WOOL FELT, POMPONS, BRASS GOODS, FILLOSELLE, BRAIDING, ARASENE, ETC., save money by coming direct to

F. NATION & CO.'S.

When buying your CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, CURTAINS, RUGS, WINDOW SHADES, or anything in house furnishings, to get them at the right Prices and in the best styles, come direct to

F. NATION & CO.'S.

GENTLEMEN, when you are ready to buy your NEW SPRING HATS, it will surely be to your advantage to have a large NEW stock to select from, and a first class lighted store to fit them on at, so come direct to

F. NATION & CO.'S.

When you want to buy your SPRING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, TIES, COLLARS, BRACES, CLOVES, ETC. come direct to

F. NATION & CO.'S.

When you want to buy your NEW SPRING SUITS, OVERCOATS, PANTS or BOYS' CLOTHING in correct style, at low prices, go direct to

F. NATION & CO.'S.

Every day we are told by those who visit us, that we have the FINEST and BEST-SELECTED Stock in the city, this we fully appreciate and will always do our best to have it so. We are as busy as Beavers all the time, keeping everything first class and up to the highest standard, and last, but not least, we are never undersold and are seldom equalled for VALUE. Visit us when in town, we are glad to see you whether on a buying visit or one of INSPECTION.

Ladies will do well to have their orders for Spring Dress or Mantles early to ensure having them in time.

F. NATION & Co.

Rosser Ave., Cor. Leader Lane.